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To receive full credit, show all steps and present the exact value of solutions.

- 1. Find the average of $-\frac{2}{3}$, $3\frac{1}{6}$, 4, and $-\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{3}{2}$
- 2. Simplify each of the following expressions. Show all steps.

(a)
$$(-1)^4 - 2 \cdot 3^2 \div (-2) \cdot 6 + (-3)^2 = 64$$

(b) $\left(3\frac{3}{5}\right) \div \left(1\frac{1}{3}\right) + \frac{3}{10} = 3$
(c) $\left|-3^2 + 3 - \left|(-6)^2 + (-2)^3\right| - 2\right| + 1 =$
(d) $(x+6)(x^2 - 6x + 36) = x^3 + 216$
(e) $\frac{20 - 5x^2}{6x^2 + 3x^3} = -\frac{5(x-2)}{3x^2}$
(f) $\frac{(x^2y^{-2})^4 xy^{-1}(xy)^{-1}}{xy^0 (x^{-2}y)^{-2}} = \frac{x^3}{y^8}$
(g) $\frac{2x - 5}{5 - 2x} = -1$
(h) $\frac{a^2b^0a^{-2}(ab^{-1})^3}{b^2a^0b^{-4}a^2} = \frac{a}{b}$
(i) $\frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-1} + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{-1}}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-2} - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{-2}} = -1$
(j) $\frac{2^{-1} + 2^{-2}}{(-2)^{-1} + (-2)^{-2}} = -3$

3. Perform the indicated operations.

(a)
$$\left(2x^3 - 4x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x - 5\right) - \left(-x^3 + 4x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x - 4\right) = 3x^3 - 8x^2 - 1$$

(b) $(p-1)\left(p + p^2 + p^3 + p^4 + 1\right) = p^5 - 1$
(c) $(x-1)^2 - 2x\left(x-3\right) - (2x+1)^2 = -5x^2$

- 4. Factor completely each of the following expressions.
 - (a) $2ax^2 18ay^2 bx^2 + 9by^2 = (2a b)(x + 3y)(x 3y)$
 - (b) $600ab^2 6ab^4 = -\frac{6ab^2}{(b-10)}(b+10)$
 - (c) $60st^2 44st^2x + 8st^2x^2 = 4st^2(x-3)(2x-5)$
 - (d) $a^4 16 = (a-2)(a+2)(a^2+4)$

5. Solve each of the following equations. Make sure to check your solutions.

(a)
$$15x^3 = 55x^2 + 20x$$
 $4, 0, -\frac{1}{3}$
(b) $5(2x-3) - 3(4x-7) = -2x$ no solution
(c) $7 - (2x-1)(x+5) = (3-x)(2x+7) - 17$ 1
(d) $3x^3 = 75x - 5, 0, 5$

6. Solve each of the following inequalities. Make sure to check your solutions.

(a)
$$\frac{2x+1}{3} - \frac{1-5x}{7} < 2x-6$$
 $x > 10$
(b) $-\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{3}{5} \le -3\frac{2}{5}$ $x \ge 6$

7. Solve the system of linear equations. Make sure to check your solutions.

(a)
$$\begin{cases} 2x - 3y = 13 \\ 3x + 2y = 13 \end{cases}$$
 (5, -1)
(b)
$$\begin{cases} 2x - y = 3 \\ x = \frac{y}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \end{cases}$$
 dependent system

- 8. Find the slope of the line 3x 5y = 12. $\frac{3}{5}$
- 9. Graph the straight lines 2x y = 7 and x + 2y = 6 in the same coordinate system.
 - (a) Use your graph to find the coordinates of the point where the lines intersect. (4, 1)
 - (b) Use algebraic methods to check your answer for part a).
- 10. Word Problems.
 - (a) One number is 3 less than twice the other. The sum of the two numbers is 42. Find these numbers. 15 and 27
 - (b) One number is 3 less than twice the other. The product of the two numbers is 104. Find these numbers. 8, 13 and -¹³/₂, -16
 - (c) Ann is four years younger than Tina. How old is Ann if the sum of their ages is 62? 29
 - (d) The difference between two numbers is 7, their product is 228. Find these numbers. 12, 19and -19, -12
 - (e) One side of a rectangle is 4 in shorter than 3 times the other side. Find the sides of the rectangle if its perimeter is 48 in.
 7 in by 17 in

- (f) One side of a rectangle is 4 in shorter than 3 times the other side. Find the sides of the rectangle if its area is 319 in^2 . 11 in by 29 in
- (g) We have some ten-dollar bills and some twenty-dollar bills. All together, we have 47 bills, in the value of \$ 620. How many twenty-dollar bills do we have? 15
- (h) We have invested \$ 3500 into two bank accounts. One account earns 7% interest per year, the other account earns 11% interest per year. How much did we invest in each account if the combined interest was 333? \$ 2200 at 11% and \$ 1300 at 7%